



UI GreenMetric Questionnaire

University : Bahria University (BU)
Country : Pakistan
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[7.6] Sustainability report

Bahria University has prepared an institutional **SDGs & Sustainability Report 2025**, which presents the University's sustainability performance, SDG coverage, climate action, inclusion, research, governance, community engagement and partnerships. The report covers all 17 Sustainable Development Goals and includes evidence-based sections on sustainability strategy, governance and reporting methodology, institutional dashboards, climate action and net-zero pathway, SDG performance pages, ranking alignment, evidence matrix, data gaps and next-cycle action plan.

Below is the attached **Sustainability Report**:



BAHRIA UNIVERSITY

SDGs • Sustainability • Climate Action • Partnerships



SDGs & Sustainability Report 2025

17 SDGs Coverage

Climate & Net-Zero

Scholarship & Inclusion

Research & Partnerships



A professionally structured institutional sustainability report for Bahria University, integrating official evidence on students, scholarships, research, emissions, governance, community engagement and partnerships.

24,943

Students

PKR 296.2M

Scholarship Support

21,151.5 tCO₂e

Reported Emissions

Bahria University-specific version with deeper SDG coverage, stronger evidence mapping, emissions dashboards, CORE-CF integration, campus-wise data, next-cycle KPIs and a structured action plan.



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A more complete report architecture, against leading university sustainability reporting practice.

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BU-specific, data-rich and evidence-governed Report

The Bahria University is useful because it presents sustainability as an institutional system rather than as scattered activities. It connects strategy, decarbonization, circularity, inclusivity, environmental sustainability, partnerships and operations into a concise report structure. This BU edition adopts that strategic logic, but strengthens it with additional elements that make the report more useful for rankings, audits and internal improvement.

BU feature	Enhanced BU treatment
Strategic pillars	Expanded into six BU pillars including governance and evidence integrity.
Decarbonization narrative	Converted into scope-wise and campus-wise emissions dashboards plus a 2050 pathway.
Circularity narrative	Linked with Scope 3, anti-plastic action and recommended sustainable-event protocol.
Inclusivity narrative	Supported by scholarship coverage, first-generation learners and gender dashboards.
Partnerships narrative	Mapped to MoUs, exchange, international students, maritime links and CORE-CF.
SDG reporting	All 17 SDGs receive a structured page with evidence, priority and next-cycle KPI.



Executive summary

Bahria University has a credible base for a more mature sustainability report. The strongest new evidence relates to emissions accounting, net-zero commitment, CORE-CF, scholarship coverage, gender inclusion, first-generation learners, research output, internationalization and community engagement. These areas allow the university to present sustainability as a connected institutional agenda rather than a collection of separate events.

The report positions BU around six pillars: Decarbonization and Energy Transition; Circularity and Responsible Consumption; Inclusion, Access and Well-being; Research, Innovation and Climate Finance; Maritime, Community and National Impact; and Governance, QA and Evidence Integrity. This structure is intentionally stronger than a simple SDG-by-SDG compilation because it links SDGs with management systems, data owners and future performance improvement.

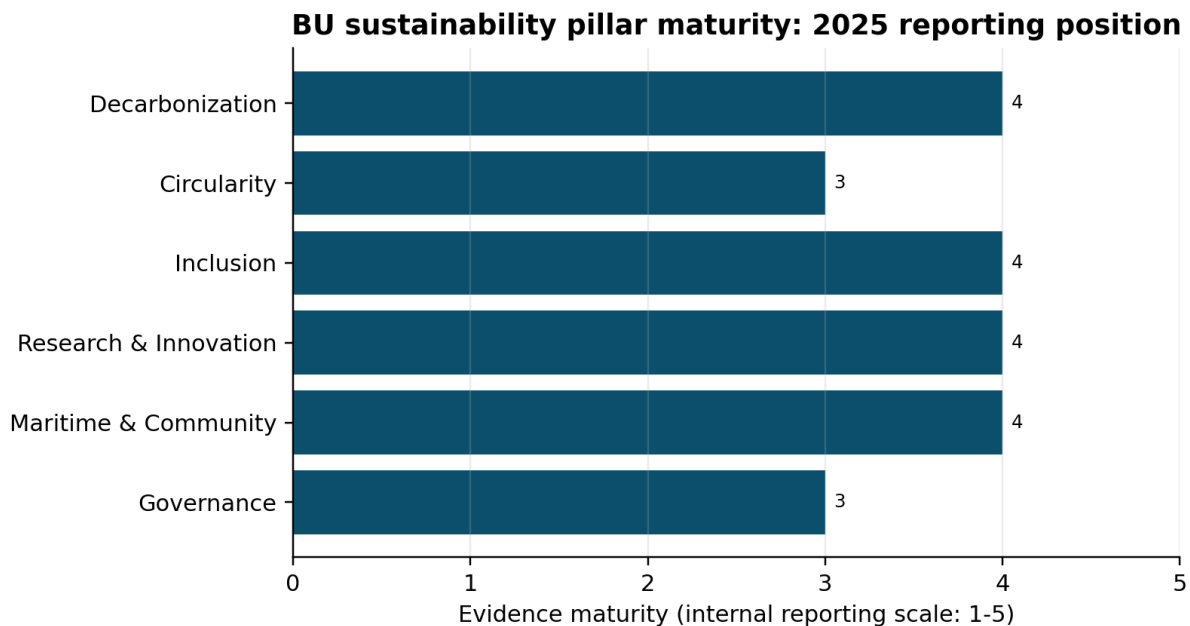
24,943	12,065	331	PKR 296.2M
Students enrolled	Female students	International students	Scholarship support
1,372	21,152 tCO₂e	52	2050
Research publications	Total emissions	Foreign MoUs	Net-zero target



BU Sustainability Strategy 2030+

A proposed integrated structure for the next reporting cycle.

To compete with leading sustainability-reporting universities, BU should present sustainability through a small number of strategic pillars that integrate teaching, research, operations, governance and community impact. The proposed six-pillar model below is designed for BU because it reflects the university's maritime identity, growing climate-finance capability, emissions evidence, social-support programs and QA culture.



Internal evidence-maturity view used to guide next-cycle reporting priorities.

BU pillar	Purpose	SDG linkages
1. Decarbonization and Energy Transition	Reduce emissions through accounting, energy efficiency, renewable energy and net-zero planning.	SDG 7, 11, 12, 13
2. Circularity and Responsible Consumption	Control waste, plastics, procurement impacts, events and Scope 3 emissions.	SDG 6, 11, 12, 13, 15



3. Inclusion, Access and Well-being	Support financial access, gender participation, health, first-generation learners and disability inclusion.	SDG 1, 3, 4, 5, 10
4. Research, Innovation and Climate Finance	Use CORE-CF and research output to create policy, innovation and green-finance impact.	SDG 4, 8, 9, 13, 17
5. Maritime, Community and National Impact	Leverage BU maritime identity, outreach, blue economy and civic engagement.	SDG 2, 11, 14, 16, 17
6. Governance, QA and Evidence Integrity	Make sustainability reporting auditable through owners, evidence repositories and annual review.	SDG 16, 17



Governance, evidence and reporting methodology

How BU should make the report audit-ready and rankings-ready.

A strong sustainability report must do more than describe activities. It must show which evidence source supports each claim, who owns the data, how often it is updated and how it is verified. This is particularly important for QS Sustainability, THE Impact and other external submissions where the quality and traceability of evidence can affect institutional credibility.

This report uses four evidence types: quantitative datasets, policy and governance records, official BU publication visuals, and activity/event evidence. Future reports should maintain an evidence repository organized by SDG and ranking indicator. Each evidence file should have a named owner, reporting period, validation status and location.

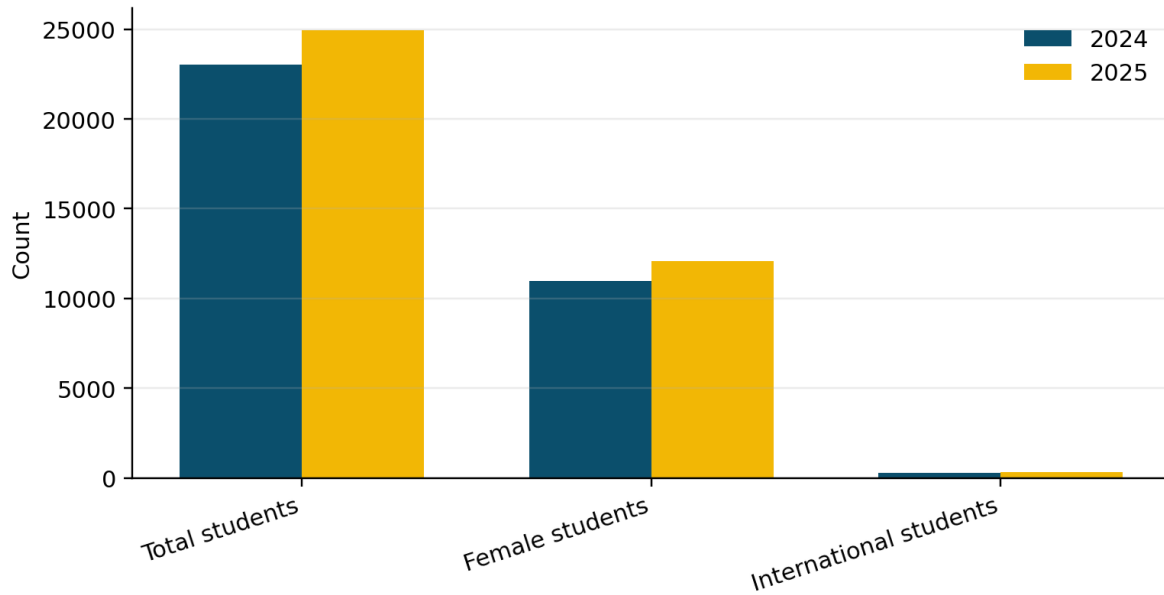
Evidence type	Examples in this report	Recommended control
Quantitative datasets	Scholarship coverage, student counts, emissions, first-generation learners, gender data.	Use signed data sheets with source office, date and approval.
Policy/governance evidence	Net-zero commitment, CORE-CF establishment, QA systems and policies.	Maintain approved PDFs and circulars in a central evidence repository.
Official-source visuals	Annual Report images, official BU publication visuals and official-source photographs.	Use only approved images with caption and source note.
Activity evidence	Community support, recruitment drives, environmental campaigns and partnerships.	Use standard event forms: date, partners, beneficiaries, SDG link and outputs.



Institutional sustainability dashboards

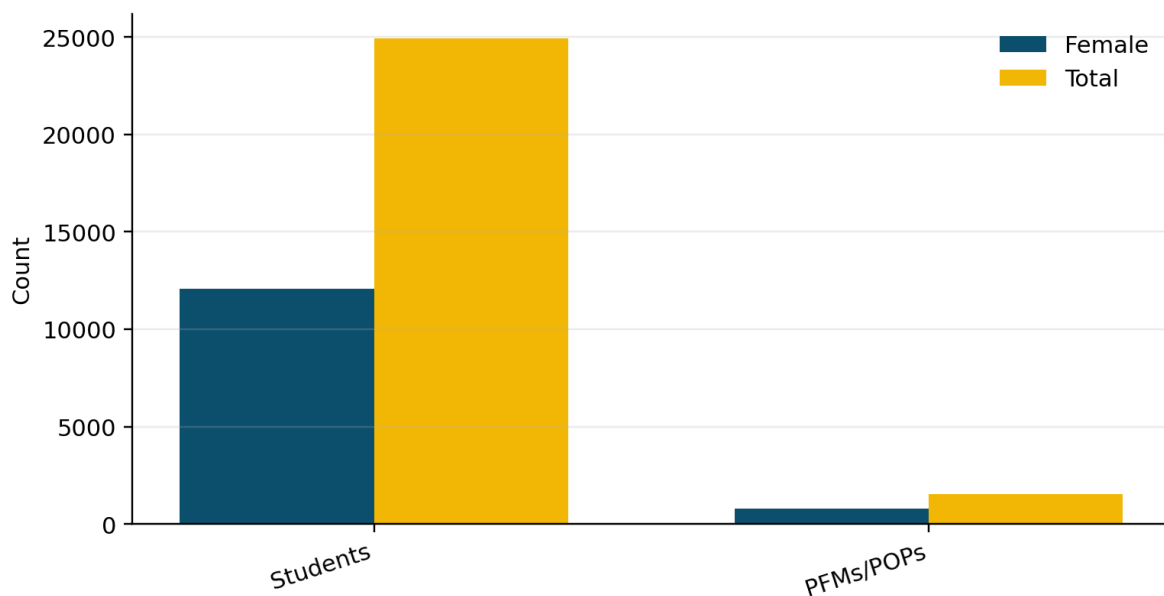
Quantitative evidence presented for leadership and rankings teams.

Student profile progress: 2024 vs 2025



Student profile progress

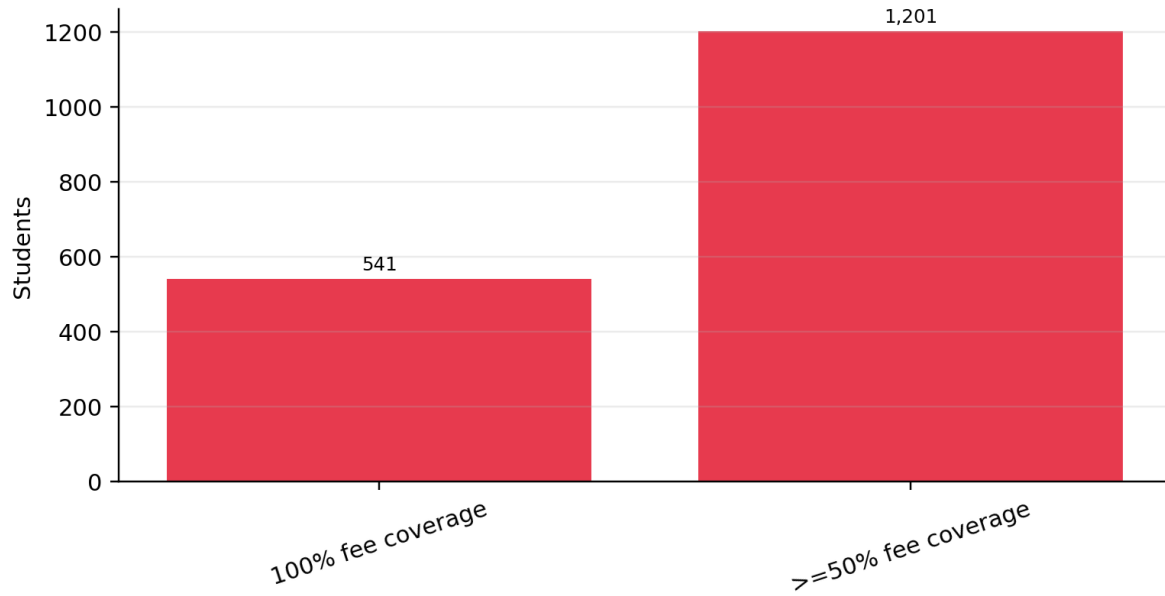
Gender inclusion dashboard



Gender inclusion dashboard.



DSA scholarship coverage



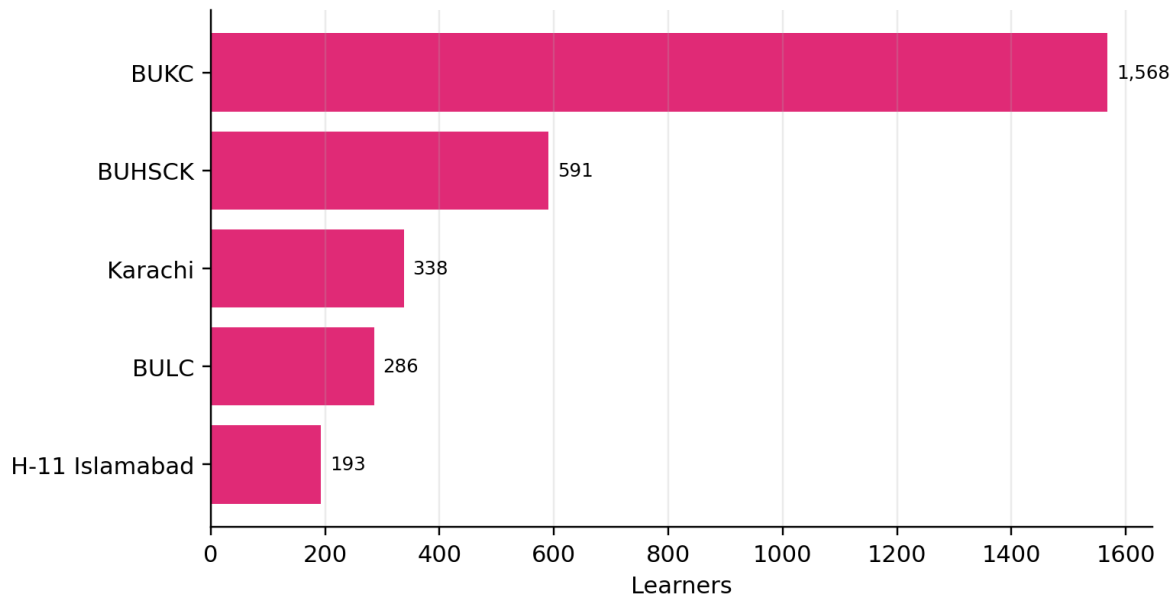
DSA scholarship coverage by fee-support depth.



Equity, research and emissions dashboards

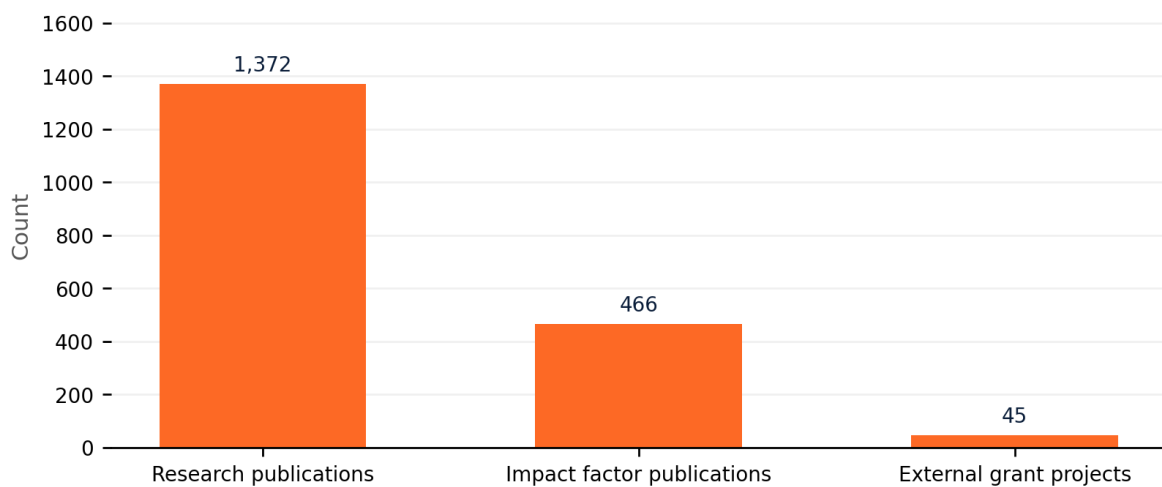
Evidence areas that differentiate BU in the 2025 report.

First-generation learners by campus



First-generation learner distribution.

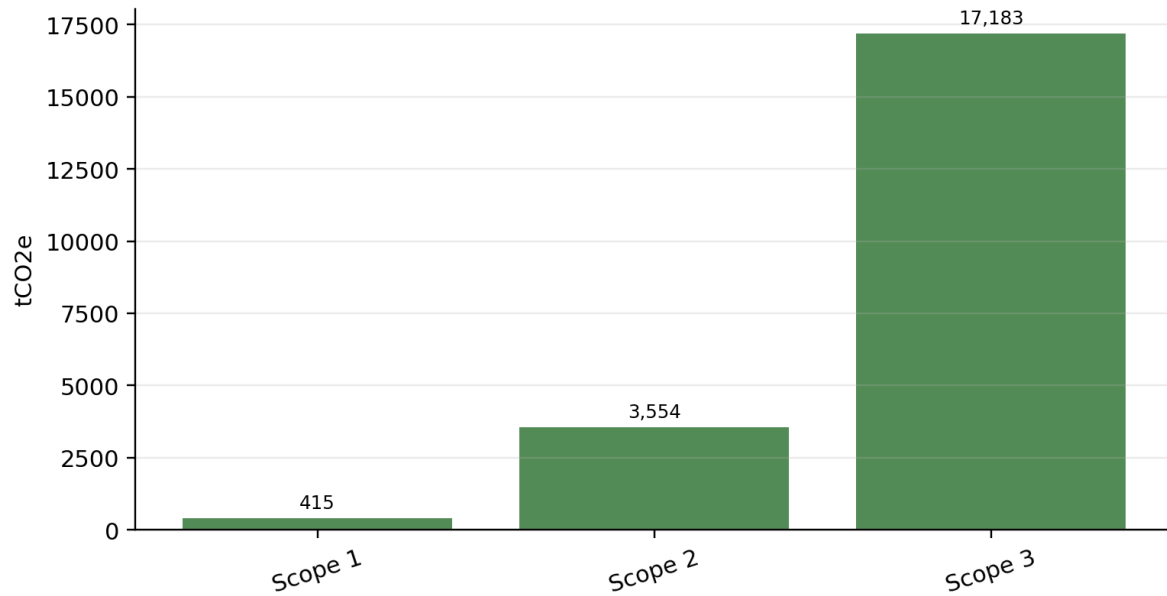
Research and innovation output, 2023-24



Research and innovation



2024-25 carbon emissions by scope



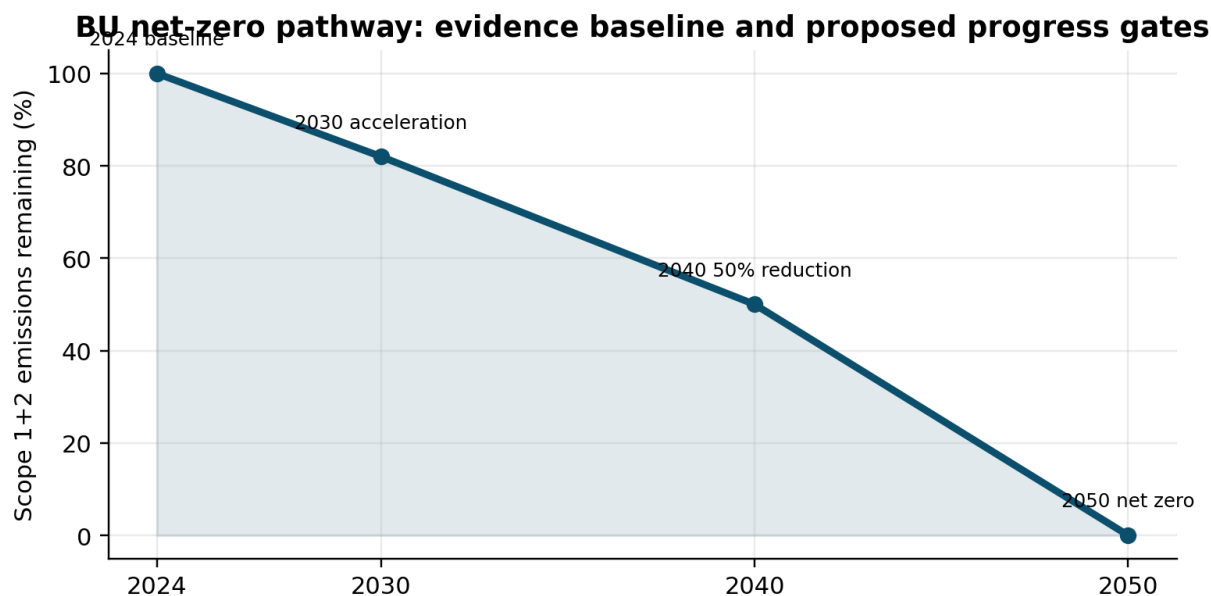
Reported emissions by scope.



Climate action, net-zero pathway and CORE-CF

The strongest technical upgrade in the revised report.

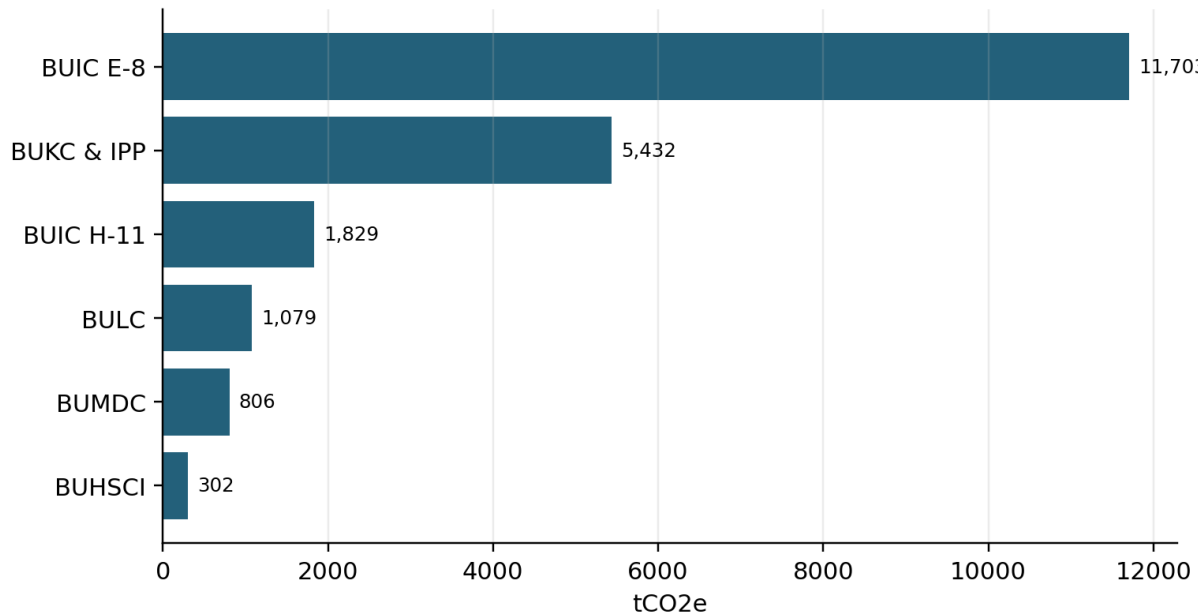
BU now has the core components expected in a serious university climate section: baseline year, scope-wise emissions, campus-wise emissions, a medium-term reduction milestone and a long-term net-zero commitment. The existence of CORE-CF adds institutional capability because it links carbon management with climate finance, research, policy support and capacity building.



BU 2024 baseline, proposed progress gates, 2040 milestone and 2050 net-zero target.



Campus-wise total emissions, 2024-25



CORE-CF as BU climate-finance engine

Research, policy support and capacity building for the net-zero transition.

The Center of Research Excellence in Climate Finance (CORE-CF) should be presented as the institutional engine that converts BU climate commitments into knowledge, partnerships and implementable projects. Its role is wider than a research center: it can help frame climate-finance instruments, carbon markets, climate-risk analysis, ESG integration, policy briefs, trainings and collaborations with government, industry and international partners.

This makes BU's report stronger than a simple emissions disclosure. It shows the university has both a baseline and a knowledge mechanism to act on that baseline. For the next report, CORE-CF should publish a one-page annual output dashboard covering research papers, policy briefs, trainings, seminars, funded projects, partner institutions and carbon-management support provided to BU campuses.

Climate element	Current evidence	Next improvement
Baseline	GHG recording began in 2024.	Approve a formal annual carbon inventory protocol.
Scope 1+2	3,969.02 tCO ₂ e reported.	Identify campus projects to reduce fuel and purchased electricity



		emissions.
Scope 3	17,182.51 tCO ₂ e reported.	Add commuting, procurement, travel and waste action plans.
CORE-CF	Dedicated climate finance research center established.	Publish annual outputs: trainings, policy briefs, projects and collaborations.
CORE-CF reporting output		Suggested annual metric
Research and policy		Climate-finance publications, policy briefs and funded projects.
Capacity building		Training sessions, participants, departments and partner organizations.
Institutional support		Carbon-management advice, campus action plans and emissions reduction projects.
External engagement		MoUs, seminars, government/industry consultations and international collaborations.

SDG materiality and coverage map

All 17 SDGs covered with clear prioritization and evidence maturity.

The most evidence-strong SDGs for BU in the current dataset are SDG 1, SDG 4, SDG 5, SDG 10, SDG 13 and SDG 17. The next-cycle development areas are SDG 6, SDG 12 and SDG 15 because they require stronger water, waste, biodiversity and responsible-consumption baselines. The SDG pages below are therefore written not only as a report, but also as a guide for future evidence collection.

SDG 1 No Poverty	SDG 2 Zero Hunger	SDG 3 Good Health and Well-being
SDG 4 Quality Education	SDG 5 Gender Equality	SDG 6 Clean Water and



		Sanitation
SDG 7 Affordable and Clean Energy	SDG 8 Decent Work and Economic Growth	SDG 9 Industry, Innovation, and Infrastructure
SDG 10 Reduced Inequalities	SDG 11 Sustainable Cities and Communities	SDG 12 Responsible Consumption and Production
SDG 13 Climate Action	SDG 14 Life Below Water	SDG 15 Life on Land
SDG 16 Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	SDG 17 Partnerships for the Goals	



SDG 1: No Poverty

BU contribution, evidence, improvement priority and next-cycle KPI.

Access to education is BU's strongest route for poverty reduction. The scholarship, fee concession, Qarz-e-Hasna, interest-free loan and sponsorship ecosystem directly reduces the financial barriers that prevent talented students from entering or continuing higher education. The added DSA evidence makes this section stronger because it distinguishes full fee coverage from substantial partial coverage, allowing the university to show depth of support rather than only a total scholarship count.

The next maturity step is to connect financial support with retention, completion, employability and social mobility. This will help BU demonstrate that scholarship funding is not simply expenditure; it is an investment in human capability and family-level upward mobility.

Evidence snapshot

- 541 students with 100% fee coverage.
- 1201 students with at least 50% fee coverage.
- PKR 296.2 million annual scholarship

BU Sponsored Scholarships

A milestone achievement for Bahria University, as its internal scholarship programme benefits over **3,440** talented students, backed by a substantial investment of **Rs. 143 million/-**. Our flagship programs for providing scholarships are listed as under:

1. Advance Merit Scholarship
2. Merit Scholarship
3. Financial Assistance Scholarship
4. Naval Shuhda Waiver

Interest Free Loans & Sponsor A Student Scheme

Demonstrating its unwavering dedication to empowering students, Bahria University has disbursed zero-interest study loans exceeding PKR 1.9 million in the fiscal year 2023-2024, and also introduced a pioneering sponsorship program that leverages its strong alumni network, philanthropic individuals, and partner organizations to provide additional funding, successfully mobilizing PKR 5 million in FY 23-24 alone, to support deserving students in their academic pursuits.

BU Sponsor A Student

No. of
Students
Sponsored

55

**Rs. 5M
Awarded**



support.

Recommended next-cycle KPI

Scholarship beneficiaries by fee coverage, gender, campus, need category, retention and completion outcome.



SDG 2: Zero Hunger

BU contribution, evidence, improvement priority and next-cycle KPI.

BU's Zero Hunger contribution is currently strongest through community relief, donation mobilization, philanthropy, welfare outreach and student volunteerism. Relief drives and community support activities demonstrate that the university can mobilize students and staff for immediate humanitarian needs. To make this SDG stronger, food-security work should be separated and logged within outreach records.

Future reporting should count ration packs, meals, nutrition-awareness sessions, vulnerable communities served and partner organizations. This will convert goodwill activities into a more auditable SDG 2 evidence stream.

Evidence snapshot

- Community relief activities documented in official BU publications.
- Student volunteerism supports vulnerable-community outreach.
- Food-security evidence should be separately tagged in future CSP records.

Recommended next-cycle KPI

Food-security initiatives, ration packs/meals distributed, beneficiaries, partners and volunteer hours.





SDG 3: Good Health and Well-being

BU contribution, evidence, improvement priority and next-cycle KPI.

BU supports health and well-being through health sciences education, medical and dental training, employee medical coverage, counselling/wellness activities, student sports and public-health awareness. This gives the university a dual role: it develops health professionals while also supporting the well-being of its own community.

This section can become stronger if health outreach, counselling, sports participation and medical-support data are consolidated. A single well-being dashboard would allow BU to report preventive health, institutional care and public-health service in one evidence stream.

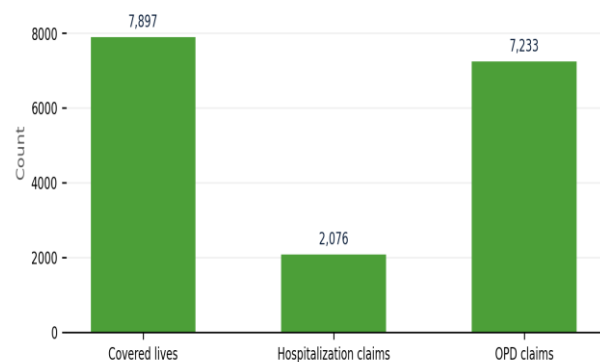
Evidence snapshot

- Health sciences campuses strengthen public-health and clinical education.
- Medical coverage and claims data show welfare support.
- Sports and wellness activities extend SDG 3 beyond treatment to prevention.

Recommended next-cycle KPI

Annual health and well-being dashboard covering medical coverage, counselling, health camps, sports participation and beneficiaries.

Health insurance and medical claims, 2024





SDG 4: Quality Education

BU contribution, evidence, improvement priority and next-cycle KPI.

Quality Education remains the central anchor of BU sustainability. The updated student profile, qualified faculty, research output, international students and faculty development activities show that BU's SDG 4 contribution is multidimensional. It includes access, teaching quality, curriculum breadth, faculty capacity, student support, accreditation and employability.

The BU uses strategy and institutional capability to frame education; BU can go further by linking education quality to evidence dashboards. Each future report should connect enrolment, student success, learning resources, program accreditation, faculty development and graduate outcomes.

Evidence snapshot

- 24,943 students reported.
- 466 PhD-qualified PFMs/POPs.
- 1,372 research publications.

Recommended next-cycle KPI

Quality-education dashboard covering enrolment, progression, accreditation, faculty development, learning support and graduate outcomes.





SDG 5: Gender Equality

BU contribution, evidence, improvement priority and next-cycle KPI.

BU demonstrates strong gender participation in its student and faculty profile. Female students form almost half of the student body, while female PFMs/POPs represent more than half of the reported permanent/program faculty profile. This indicates that gender inclusion is not limited to policy language; it is visible in the university's academic population.

To strengthen this SDG beyond participation, BU should add evidence on leadership, promotion, scholarships, research grants, grievance handling, campus safety and sports participation. That will shift the section from gender representation to gender empowerment.

Evidence snapshot

- Female students: 12,065 of 24,943.
- Female PFMs/POPs: 798 of 1548.
- Official visuals show active female participation in co-curricular life.

Recommended next-cycle KPI

Gender-disaggregated dashboard for students, faculty, leadership, scholarships, sports, grievances and safety.



Official BU-source visual or evidence-linked chart.



SDG 6: Clean Water and Sanitation

BU contribution, evidence, improvement priority and next-cycle KPI.

SDG 6 remains a priority improvement area. BU has the institutional sustainability architecture to begin systematic water accounting, but the current evidence base needs campus-wise consumption, conservation, reuse and water-quality data. This report therefore treats SDG 6 as an operational maturity goal for the next reporting cycle. The strongest future approach is to run water audits alongside energy and waste audits. Campus operations can then track low-flow fixtures, rainwater harvesting feasibility, leak reduction, water quality, greywater reuse and awareness campaigns.

Evidence snapshot

- Water stewardship should be integrated with campus operations.
- Future evidence should include consumption, conservation and reuse.
- Water baselines should be recorded by campus.

Recommended next-cycle KPI

Campus-wise water consumption, reuse volume, conservation measures and





water-use intensity per student or sqm.

SDG 7: Affordable and Clean Energy

BU contribution, evidence, improvement priority and next-cycle KPI.

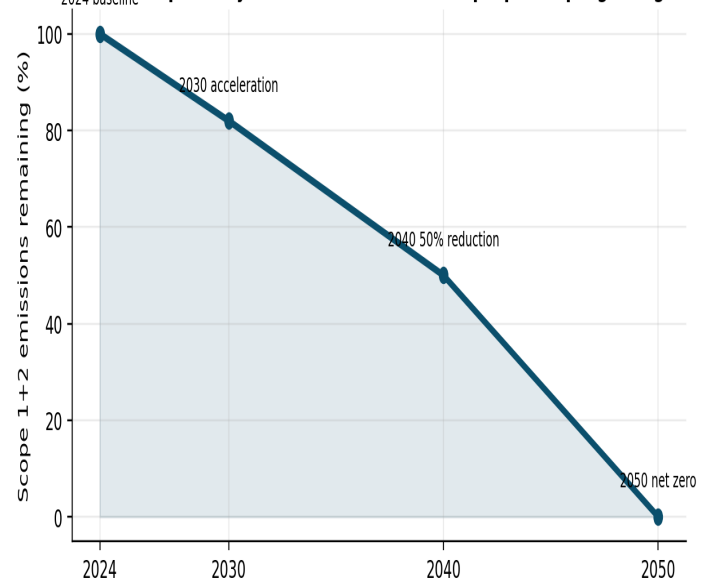
BU's clean-energy narrative is directly linked with Scope 2 emissions, electricity management and the net-zero pathway. The university has a clear starting point because purchased-energy emissions are captured in the carbon inventory. This allows BU to move from broad energy-awareness language to measurable energy transition planning.

The next step is a campus-wide energy program: solar feasibility, energy audits, building efficiency, LED transition, smart metering and electricity-use intensity reporting. This will connect climate policy with visible operational action.

Evidence snapshot

- Scope 2 emissions create a clean-energy baseline.
- Net-zero planning requires electricity and fuel reduction.
- Future reporting should track

BU net-zero pathway: evidence baseline and proposed progress gates





renewable share and energy intensity.

Recommended next-cycle KPI

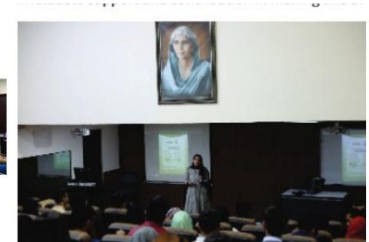
Renewable-energy share, electricity consumption, energy-use intensity and project-based energy savings.

SDG 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth BU contribution, evidence, improvement priority and next-cycle KPI.		

BU advances SDG 8 through employability, placements, internships, job fairs, alumni networks, entrepreneurship and industry linkages. The annual-report evidence on recruitment drives helps demonstrate that employability is supported through practical employer engagement and not only through classroom learning.

The section should evolve toward a graduate-outcomes model that captures employment, self-employment, further study, internships and employer partnerships. This will strengthen the relationship between BU education and economic opportunity.

Evidence snapshot





- Reported employability rate: 64.6% among respondents.
- Recruitment drives and employer events documented.
- Career services support student transition to work.

Recommended next-cycle KPI

Graduate outcomes at 6 and 12 months: employed, self-employed, further study, internships and employer partners.



SDG 9: Industry, Innovation, and Infrastructure

BU contribution, evidence, improvement priority and next-cycle KPI.

SDG 9 is supported by BU's research, innovation, commercialization, climate finance, maritime studies and technology-linked academic profile. Research publications and impact-factor outputs show knowledge productivity, while CORE-CF and other centers provide a platform for applied innovation.

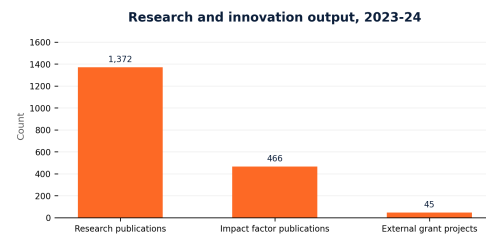
To make this section stronger than a simple publications summary, BU should track innovation outputs: prototypes, policy briefs, applied research projects, commercialization cases, incubated ventures and externally funded collaborations.

Evidence snapshot

- 1,372 research publications.
- 466 impact-factor publications.
- CORE-CF strengthens climate-finance innovation capacity.

Recommended next-cycle KPI

Research and innovation dashboard: publications, grants, applied projects, policy briefs, prototypes and commercialization outputs.



Official BU-source visual or evidence-linked chart.



SDG 10: Reduced Inequalities

BU contribution, evidence, improvement priority and next-cycle KPI.

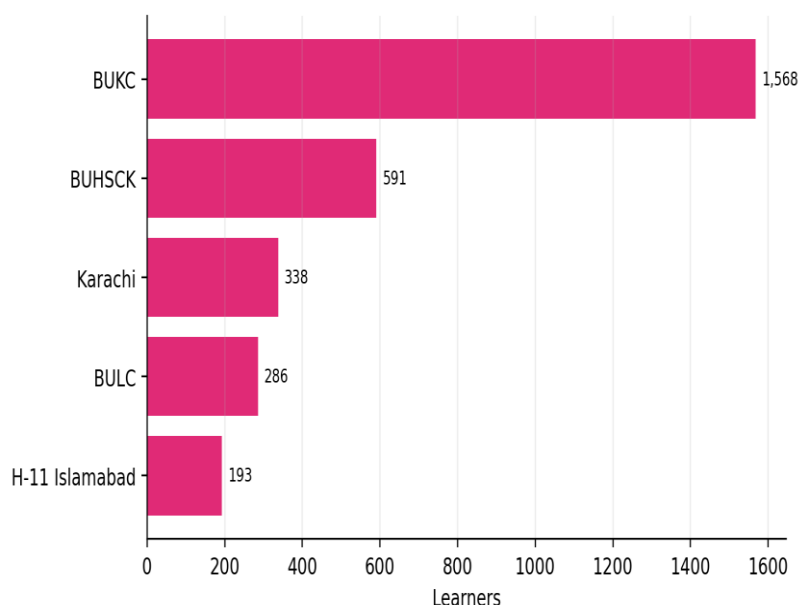
Reduced Inequalities is substantially strengthened by scholarship depth, first-generation learner data and gender participation. First-generation access is important because it shows BU's role in expanding higher education opportunity to families where university education may be a new pathway.

Future reporting should combine scholarships, first-generation status, disability support, geographic diversity and retention/completion outcomes. This will create a stronger equity narrative based on access and success.

Evidence snapshot

- 2,976 first-generation learners reported.
- Scholarships and fee support reduce barriers to access.
- Gender and inclusion data strengthen the equity

First-generation learners by campus





narrative.

Recommended next-cycle KPI

Equity dashboard covering first-generation learners, scholarships, disability support, retention and completion outcomes.

SDG 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities

BU contribution, evidence, improvement priority and next-cycle KPI.

BU supports sustainable communities through relief campaigns, public-awareness activities, traffic-safety collaboration, environmental campaigns and student community service. These initiatives show that campuses can function as civic platforms for public good.

The section can be improved by standardizing community-impact measurement. Each event should report beneficiaries, partner agencies, student hours, funds/materials mobilized and SDG linkages.





Evidence snapshot

- Relief, traffic-safety and environmental campaigns documented.
- Community Support Program provides a structure for civic engagement.
- Beneficiary and partner data should be standardized.

Recommended next-cycle KPI

Community initiatives, beneficiaries, partner agencies, volunteer hours and local resilience outcomes.

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SDG 12: Responsible Consumption and Production

BU contribution, evidence, improvement priority and next-cycle KPI.

Responsible Consumption and Production is critical because Scope 3 emissions are the largest part of BU's footprint. Procurement, commuting, travel, waste and single-use plastics therefore require focused reporting. The anti-plastic-pollution campaign gives BU a credible starting point.

Future reporting should convert campaigns into systems: waste segregation, diversion rates, plastic-use reduction, sustainable procurement criteria and event sustainability guidelines. A BU Sustainable Event Guide would be a strong next product.

Evidence snapshot

- Scope 3 emissions: 17,182.51 tCO₂e.
- Anti-plastic campaign documented in official publication.
- Sustainable procurement and waste metrics should be strengthened.

Recommended next-cycle KPI

Waste generation/diversion, plastic reduction, sustainable procurement and event-sustainability compliance.





SDG 13: Climate Action

BU contribution, evidence, improvement priority and next-cycle KPI.

Climate Action is the most upgraded section of this report. BU now has scope-wise emissions, campus-wise emissions, a baseline year, a 2040 Scope 1+2 reduction milestone and a 2050 net-zero commitment. This gives BU a credible climate-action story backed by data and governance.

CORE-CF adds a differentiating advantage by connecting carbon management with climate finance, policy work and capacity building. Future reports should show project-level emissions reductions and budgeted decarbonization actions.

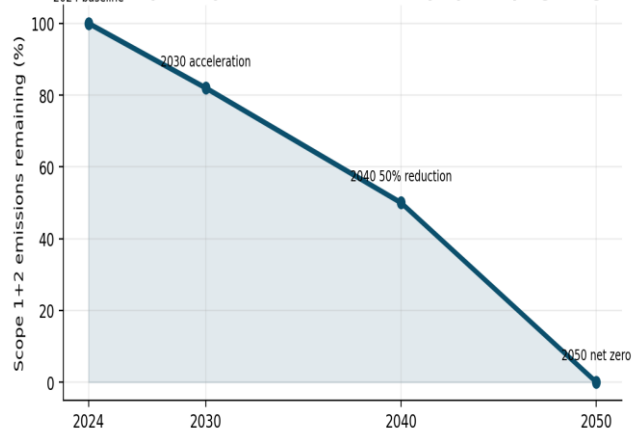
Evidence snapshot

- Total reported emissions: 21,151.53 tCO₂e.
- 50% Scope 1+2 reduction by 2040.
- Public net-zero commitment by 2050.

Recommended next-cycle KPI

Annual carbon inventory and decarbonization progress report with campus projects and progress against the 2024 baseline.

BU net-zero pathway: evidence baseline and proposed progress gates





SDG 14: Life Below Water

BU contribution, evidence, improvement priority and next-cycle KPI.

BU has a distinctive position in SDG 14 because of its maritime identity and national relevance to blue economy, coastal resilience, maritime policy and ocean governance. This is a signature area where BU can differentiate itself from many other universities.

The next step is to count marine-related research, policy events, publications, coastal outreach, blue-economy partnerships and ocean-literacy activities. A dedicated maritime sustainability dashboard would elevate this SDG.

Evidence snapshot

- Maritime institutional identity supports SDG 14.
- Annual Report visuals show maritime engagement.
- Future evidence should quantify ocean/marine outputs.

Recommended next-cycle KPI

Marine-related courses, publications, events, outreach activities and blue-economy partnerships.





SDG 15: Life on Land

BU contribution, evidence, improvement priority and next-cycle KPI.

BU contributes to SDG 15 through environmental awareness, campus greening potential, biodiversity education and conservation-linked outreach. Current evidence is mainly activity-based; future reporting should add ecological indicators.

A campus biodiversity register would make this SDG stronger. It should track trees planted, survival rate, green cover, native species, habitat protection and ecological awareness activities.

Evidence snapshot

- Environmental awareness campaigns support ecological culture.
- Campus greening can be quantified in future cycles.
- Native species and plantation survival should be recorded.

Recommended next-cycle KPI

Green cover ratio, tree plantation, survival rate, native species and biodiversity awareness activities.





SDG 16: Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions

BU contribution, evidence, improvement priority and next-cycle KPI.

BU supports SDG 16 through governance, quality assurance, policy compliance, ethics, audit culture and data accountability. Strong governance is essential because it validates the credibility of all other sustainability claims.

The report therefore recommends a sustainability data governance matrix. Each indicator should have a data owner, evidence folder, review cycle and approval authority. This will improve rankings submissions and internal decision-making.

Evidence snapshot

- Formal governance and QA structures are documented.
- Board-level and institutional processes support accountability.
- Sustainability evidence should be governed systematically.

Recommended next-cycle KPI

Sustainability data governance matrix with data owner, evidence source, review cycle and approval authority.





SDG 17: Partnerships for the Goals

BU contribution, evidence, improvement priority and next-cycle KPI.

Partnerships underpin BU's sustainability agenda. International MoUs, student mobility, foreign students, research collaboration, industry engagement, community partners and CORE-CF collaborations can all be mapped to SDG outputs.

The next maturity step is to classify each partnership by impact: research, mobility, policy, community outreach, funding, internships or sustainability operations. This will make SDG 17 more than a list of MoUs.

Evidence snapshot

- 85 foreign university MoUs.
- 331 international students from 30 countries.
- 67 outbound exchange students.

Recommended next-cycle KPI

Partnership impact matrix covering MoUs, mobility, joint outputs, community reach, funding and policy/research outcomes.





Ranking and submission alignment

How this report can support QS Sustainability, THE Impact and institutional QA.

The report has been designed to support both communication and evidence management. For rankings, the important improvement is that each SDG has an evidence narrative, a measurable KPI and a suggested data owner pathway. This makes it easier to convert a report into ranking submissions, website evidence pages, QA records and Rector-level briefings.

Ranking / framework need	Report feature that supports it	Recommended next step
QS Sustainability - Environmental Impact	Scope-wise emissions, net-zero pathway, CORE-CF, responsible consumption and biodiversity/water action plans.	Create public webpages for emissions, net-zero roadmap, water, waste and biodiversity.
QS Sustainability - Social Impact	Scholarships, gender inclusion, first-generation learners, health, employability and community outreach.	Add beneficiary and outcome-level data for each social program.
THE Impact Rankings	All 17 SDGs covered with narrative, evidence and recommended KPIs.	Prioritize 4-6 SDGs for deeper evidence in next submission.
UI GreenMetric	Climate, energy, waste, water, transport and campus emissions sections.	Develop campus operations dashboards for water, waste, transport and green cover.
BU QA / governance	Evidence matrix, data-owner concept, audit trail and official-source visuals.	Create a Sustainability Evidence Repository controlled by DQA/QEC and relevant offices.



Evidence matrix and next-cycle action plan

Priority improvements to make the 2026 report stronger than the current draft.

Priority	Action	Owner type	Output for next report
1	Approve BU Sustainability Strategy 2030+ with six pillars and SDG ownership.	Rectorate / Sustainability Committee	Signed strategy page and public webpage.
2	Publish annual carbon inventory protocol and campus reduction projects.	Admin / CORE-CF / DQA	Campus-wise carbon action plan.
3	Create water, waste and biodiversity baselines.	Admin / Estate / Environmental units	Operational dashboard for SDG 6, 12 and 15.
4	Launch BU Sustainable Event Guide and checklist.	Student Affairs / Admin / DQA	Event compliance data and reduced event footprint.
5	Build inclusion dashboard for scholarships, first-generation learners, disability support and gender.	DSA / HR / Academics	Access and equity outcomes dashboard.
6	Map all partnerships to measurable SDG outputs.	ORIC / International Office / DQA	Partnership impact matrix for SDG 17.
7	Create annual	DQA / QEC / All	Audit-ready



	evidence repository with source index.	offices	evidence folder for rankings and reports.
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TOWARDS A SUSTAINABLE BAHRIA UNIVERSITY

Closing page redesign — no changes made to the internal report content.

This report demonstrates that Bahria University now has the basis for a far more mature sustainability narrative: a stronger access and equity story, a clearer climate baseline, a research-to-impact pathway through CORE-CF, and a broader SDG framework aligned with global rankings and institutional improvement priorities.

Access	Climate	Impact
Scholarships, equity, first-generation inclusion	Baseline emissions, net-zero pathway, CORE-CF	Research, community engagement and partnerships

Next reporting ambition: move from strong descriptive reporting to audited annual sustainability reporting

Evidence	Governance	Visibility
Use one formal repository for annual sustainability evidence, image assets and verified data.	Assign owners for each SDG and align review, approval and reporting cycles.	Publish a polished annual BU sustainability report that supports QS, THE and strategic communications.

Bahria University — Sustainability, Inclusion, Innovation and Maritime Vision



ISLAMABAD
BUICE-8, BUIC H11,
BUHSCI Naval Anchorage.



LAHORE
BULC Civic Centre
Johar Town.



KARACHI
BUC & IPP National Stadium Road,
BUHSC DHA Phase 2.

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